Mark schemes

Q1.

- (a) Carboxyl;
- Accept carboxylic acid
- (b) Type of R group
 - 1. Unsaturated (fatty acid/hydrocarbon);

Explanation

Accept alkene

2. Double bond (between carbons); Accept for 'double bond', C=C

2

1

(c) 1. Add ethanol/alcohol then add water and shake/mix

OR

Add ethanol/alcohol **and** shake/mix **then** pour into/add water; Reject heating the emulsion test Accept 'Add Sudan III **and** mix' Ignore a second shake

2. White/milky (emulsion)

OR

(emulsion) test turns white/milky; Ignore cloudy Reject precipitate Accept (for Sudan III) top (layer) red

2

Q2.

- (a) 1. **One** glycerol and **three** fatty acids;
 - 2. Condensation (reactions) and removal of three molecules of water;

3. Ester bond(s) (formed); Accept all marks in suitably labelled diagram OR in a balanced equation

(b) Palmitoleic acid is an unsaturated fatty acid represented by diagram K;

1

3

Q3.				
(b)	1.	Condensation (reaction)		
		OR		
		Loss of water;		
	2.	Between of glycerol and fatty acid; Accept labelled diagram	2	
Q4. (a)	P –	glycerol Q – fatty acid (chains)		
		Accept phonetic spelling	2	
(b)	<u>Ester</u> (bond);		1	
(c)	1.	(Mix / shake sample) with ethanol, then water; Sequence is important		
	2.	White / milky (emulsion); Ignore cloudy Reject precipitate	2	[5]
Q5.				
(a)	1. 2.	Dissolve in alcohol, then add water; White emulsion shows presence of lipid.	2	
(b)	Glycerol.		1	
(c)	Ester.		1	
(d)	Y (no mark) Contains double bond between (adjacent) carbon atoms in hydrocarbon chain.		1	
(e)	1.	Divide mass of each lipid by total mass of all lipids (in that type of cell);		
	2.	Multiply answer by 100.	2	